



Dignity at Work Policy

Introduction

Brantham Parish Council believes that civility and respect are important in the working environment, and expect all Brantham Parish Councillors, officers and the public to be polite and courteous when working for, and with the Brantham Parish Council.

Purpose

Brantham Parish Council is committed to creating a working environment where all Brantham Parish Council employees, Brantham Parish Councillors, contractors and others who come into contact with us in the course of our work, are treated with dignity, respect and courtesy. We aim to create a workplace where there is zero tolerance for harassment and bullying

In support of this objective, Brantham Parish Council has signed up to the Civility Pledge, as a commitment to civility and respect in our work, and politeness and courtesy in behaviour, speech, and in the written word. Further information about the Civility and Respect Pledge is available from [NALC](#) & [SLCC](#)

We recognise that there is a continuum where unaddressed issues have the potential to escalate and become larger, more complex issues and this policy sets out how concerns will be managed however the emphasis of this policy is on resolution and mediation where appropriate, rather than an adversarial process.

This document:

- explains how we will respond to complaints of bullying or harassment;
- ensures that we respond sensitively and promptly; and,
- supports our employees in ensuring their behaviour does not amount to bullying and/or harassment by giving examples.

Scope

This policy covers bullying and harassment of and by clerks/chief officers and all employees engaged to work at Brantham Parish Council. Should agency staff, or contractors have a complaint connected to their engagement with Brantham Parish Council this should be raised to their nominated contact, manager, or the Chair of the Brantham Parish Council, in the first instance. Should the complaint be about the chair of the Brantham Parish Council the complaint should be raised to the deputy chair.

Agency staff, or contractors are equally expected to treat Brantham Parish Council colleagues, and other representatives and stakeholders with dignity and respect, and the Council may terminate the contract, without notice, where there are suspicions of harassment or bullying.

Complaints about other employment matters will be managed under the Brantham Parish Council's grievance policy.

It is noted that the management of a situation may differ depending on who the allegations relate to (e.g. employees, contractor, Brantham Parish Councillor), however, the Brantham Parish Council will take appropriate action if any of its employees are bullied or harassed by employees, Brantham Parish Councillors, members of the public, suppliers or contractors.

The position on bullying and harassment

All staff and Brantham Parish Council representatives are entitled to dignity, respect and courtesy within the workplace and to not experience any form of discrimination. Brantham Parish Council will not tolerate bullying or harassment in our workplace or at work-related events outside of the workplace, whether the conduct is a one-off act or repeated course of conduct, and whether harm is intended or not. Neither will we tolerate retaliation against, or victimisation of, any person involved in bringing a complaint of harassment or bullying. You should also be aware that, if you have

bullied or harassed someone (e.g. physical violence, harassment), in some circumstances the treatment may amount to a crime punishable by a fine or imprisonment.

We expect all representatives of the Brantham Parish Council to treat each other with respect and uphold the values of the code of conduct, civility and respect pledge, and all other policies and procedures set by the Brantham Parish Council.

We expect Brantham Parish Council representatives to demonstrate respect by listening and paying attention to others, having consideration for other people's feelings, following protocols and rules, showing appreciation and thanks, and being kind.

Allegations of bullying and harassment will be treated seriously. Investigations will be carried out promptly, sensitively and, as far as possible, confidentially. See the grievance policy for further details regarding the process. Employees and others who make allegations of bullying or harassment in good faith will not be treated less favourably as a result.

False accusations of harassment or bullying can have a serious effect on innocent individuals. Staff and others have a responsibility not to make false allegations. While we will assume that all complaints of bullying and harassment are made in good faith, in the event that allegations are found to be malicious or vexatious the person raising the complaint may be subject to action under Brantham Parish Council's disciplinary procedure.

Harassment

- Where a person is subject to uninvited conduct that violates their dignity, in connection with a protected characteristic
- Behaviour that creates a hostile, humiliating, degrading or similarly offensive environment in relation to a protected characteristic

Bullying

- Behaviour that leaves the victim feeling threatened, intimidated, humiliated, vulnerable or otherwise upset. It does not need to be connected to a protected characteristic.

What Type of Treatment amounts to Bullying or Harassment?

'Bullying' or 'harassment' are phrases that apply to treatment from one person (or a group of people) to another that is unwanted and that has the effect of violating that person's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating, or offensive environment for that person.

Examples of bullying and harassment include:

- Physical conduct ranging from unwelcome touching to serious assault
- Unwelcome sexual advances
- The offer of rewards for going along with sexual advances e.g. promotion, access to training
- Threats for rejecting sexual advances
- Demeaning comments about a person's appearance

- Verbal abuse or offensive comments, including jokes or pranks related to age, disability, gender re-assignment, marriage, civil partnership, pregnancy, maternity, race, religion, belief, sex or sexual orientation
- Unwanted nicknames, especially related to a person's age, disability, gender re-assignment, marriage, civil partnership, pregnancy, maternity, race, religion, belief, sex or sexual orientation
- Spreading malicious rumours or insulting someone
- Lewd or suggestive comments or gestures
- Deliberate exclusion from conversations, work activities or social activities.
- Withholding information a person needs in order to do their job
- Practical jokes, initiation ceremonies or inappropriate birthday rituals
- Physical abuse such as hitting, pushing or jostling
- Rifling through, hiding or damaging personal property
- Display of pictures or objects with sexual or racial overtones, even if not directed at any particular person
- Isolation or non-cooperation at work
- Subjecting a person to humiliation or ridicule, belittling their efforts, whether directly and / or in front of others
- The use of obscene gestures
- Abusing a position of power

Bullying and harassment can occur through verbal and face to face interactions, but can also take place through sharing inappropriate or offensive content in writing or via email and other electronic communications and social media.

It is important to recognise that conduct which one person may find acceptable, another may find totally unacceptable and behaviour could be harassment when the person had no intention to offend. We all have the right to determine what offends us. Some behaviour will be clear to any reasonable person that it is likely to offend – for example sexual touching. Other examples may be less clear, however, you should be aware that harassment will occur if behaviour continues after the recipient has advised you that the behaviour is unacceptable to them.

Harassment can also occur where the unwanted behaviour relates to a perceived characteristic (such as offensive jokes or comments based on the assumption someone is gay, even if they are not) or due to their association with someone else (such as harassment related to their partner having a disability for example)

All employees must, therefore, treat their colleagues with respect and appropriate sensitivity and should feel able to challenge behaviour that they find offensive even if it is not directed at them.

It is important to recognise that bullying does not include appropriate criticism of an employee's behaviour or effective, robust performance management. Constructive and fair feedback about your behaviour or performance from your manager or colleagues/Councillors is not bullying. It is part of normal employment and management routines and should not be interpreted as anything different.

Victimisation

Victimisation is subjecting a person to a detriment because they have, in good faith, complained (whether formally or otherwise) that someone has been bullying or harassing them or someone else, or supported someone to make a complaint or given evidence in relation to a complaint. This would include isolating someone because they have made a complaint or giving them a heavier or more difficult workload.

Provided that complainants have acted in good faith, i.e. genuinely believe that what they are saying is true, they have a right not to be victimised for making a complaint or doing anything in relation to a complaint of bullying or harassment and Brantham Parish Council will take appropriate action to deal with any alleged victimisation, which may include disciplinary action against anyone found to have victimised another.

Making a complaint that is known to be untrue, or giving evidence that is known to be untrue, may lead to disciplinary action being taken against the complainant.

Reporting Concerns

What employees should do if they feel they are being bullied or harassed by a member of the public or supplier (as opposed to a colleague)

If a BPC employee is being bullied or harassed by someone they into contact at work, this should be raised with their nominated manager in the first instance or, with the clerk/or a Brantham Parish Councillor. Any such report will be taken seriously, and BPC will decide how best to deal with the situation, in consultation with the victim.

What BPC Representatives should do if they feel they are being bullied or harassed by a Brantham Parish Councillor:

If a representative of Brantham Parish Council is being bullied or harassed by a Brantham Parish Councillor, this should be raised this with the clerk/chief officer or the chair of Brantham Parish Council in the first instance. The Parish Council will then decide how best to deal with the situation, in consultation with the relevant representative. There are two possible avenues for this; informal or formal. The Informal Resolution is described below. Formal concerns regarding potential breaches of the Parish Councillors Code of Conduct must be investigated by the Monitoring Officer.

The Council will consider reasonable measures to protect health and safety. Such measures may include a temporary change in duties or change of work location, not attending meetings with the person about whom the complaint has been made etc.

What employees/representatives should do if they witness an incident they believe to harassment or bullying: Any such behaviour/incident should be reported in confidence to the clerk/chief officer or a Brantham Parish Councillor. Such reports will be taken seriously and will be treated in strict confidence as far as it is possible to do so.

What employees/representatives should do if they are being bullied or harassed by another member of staff: In the instance of bullying or harassment by a colleague or contractor, there are two possible avenues, informal or formal. These are described below.

Informal resolution

If an employee or representative are being bullied or harassed, they may be able to resolve the situation by explaining clearly to the perpetrator(s) that their behaviour is unacceptable, contrary to Brantham Parish Council's policy and must stop. Alternatively, they may wish to ask the clerk/chief officer, their nominated manager or a colleague to represent them or to be with them when confronting the perpetrator(s).

If the above approach does not work or if they do not want to try to resolve the situation in this way, or if they are being bullied by their own nominated manager, they should raise the issue with the chair of Brantham Parish Council. (If their concern relates to the chair, this should be raised with the Vice-Chair of the Council). The chair (or another appropriate person) will discuss with them the option of trying to resolve the situation informally by telling the alleged perpetrator, without prejudicing the matter, that:

- there has been a complaint that their behaviour is having an adverse effect on a member of Brantham Parish Council staff
- such behaviour is contrary to our policy
- for employees, the continuation of such behaviour could amount to a serious disciplinary offence

It may be possible for this conversation to take place with the alleged perpetrator without revealing the identify of the victim, if this is what they want. The person dealing with it will also stress that the conversation is confidential.

In certain circumstances the Parish Council may be able to involve a neutral third party (a mediator) to facilitate a resolution of the problem. The chair (or another appropriate person) will discuss this with the victim if it is appropriate.

If a complaint is resolved informally, the alleged perpetrator(s) will not usually be subject to disciplinary sanctions. However, in exceptional circumstances (such as extremely serious allegation or in cases where a problem has happened before) the Parish Council may decide to investigate further and take more formal action notwithstanding that the matter was raised informally. The Council will consult with the complainant before taking this step.

Raising a formal complaint

If informal resolution is unsuccessful or inappropriate, a formal complaint about bullying and harassment can be made through Brantham Parish Council's grievance procedure. This should be raised with the clerk/chief officer or the chair of Brantham Parish Council. A formal complaint may ultimately lead to disciplinary action against the perpetrator(s) where they are employed.

The clerk/chief officer or the chair of Brantham Parish Council will appoint someone to investigate these complaints in line with the grievance policy. The Complainant will need to co-operate with the investigation and provide the following details (if not already provided):

- The name of the alleged perpetrator(s),
- The nature of the harassment or bullying,
- The dates and times the harassment or bullying occurred,
- The names of any witnesses and
- Any action taken by you to resolve the matter informally.

The alleged perpetrator(s) would normally need to be told the name of the complainant and the details of their grievance in order for the issue to be investigated properly. However, the Parish Council will carry out the investigation as confidentially and sensitively as possible. Where the complainant and the alleged perpetrator(s) work in proximity to each other, the Parish Council will consider whether it is appropriate to make temporary adjustments to working arrangements whilst the matter is being investigated.

Where a complaint relates to potential breaches of Brantham Parish Councillors Code of Conduct, these will need to be investigated by the Monitoring Officer. Brantham Parish Council will consider any adjustments to support staff in their work and to manage the relationship with the Brantham Parish Councillor the allegations relate to, while the investigation proceeds.

Investigations will be carried out promptly (without unreasonable delay), sensitively and, as far as possible, confidentially. When carrying out any investigations, the Parish Council will ensure that individuals' personal data is handled in accordance with the data protection policy.

The Council will consider how to protect the health and wellbeing of staff whilst the investigation is taking place and will discuss this with the complainant. Depending on the nature of the allegations, the Investigator may want to meet with the complainant to understand the complaint (see the grievance policy for further information, and details of the right to be accompanied).

After the investigation, a panel will meet with complainant to consider the complaint and the findings of the investigation in accordance with the grievance procedure. At the meeting the complainant may be accompanied by a fellow worker or a trade union official.

Following the conclusion of the hearing the panel will write to the complainant to inform them of the decision and to notify them of their right to appeal if they are dissatisfied with the outcome. The appeal should be made in writing explaining the reasons why they are dissatisfied with the decision. The appeal will be heard under the appeal process that is described in the grievance procedure.

The use of the Disciplinary Procedure

If at any stage from the point at which a complaint is raised, the Parish Council believe there is a case to answer and a disciplinary offence might have been committed, the Council will instigate using the disciplinary procedure. The Parish Council will keep complainants informed of the outcome.

This is a non-contractual policy and procedure which will be reviewed from time to time.